Computing Curriculum 2020-21

Year	AUT1	AUT2	SPR1	SPR2	SUM1	SUM2
R	Using the Mouse		Maths / English	Digital Citizenship	Coding	Coding
	(Paint / Online Games)		(Online Games)		(Code.org)	(Code.org)
1	Typing	Coding	Tables / Charts	Digital Citizenship	Coding	3D Modelling
	(Word)	(Code.org)	(Word / J2Data)		(Logo)	(Toy Theatre Cube)
2	Documents	Coding	Tables / Charts	Digital Citizenship	Coding	3D Modelling
	(Word)	(Scratch)	(Excel / J2Data)		(Logo)	(Toy Theatre Build)
3	E-mail	Coding	Presentations	Digital Citizenship	Coding	3D Modelling
	(Google Accts)	(Code.org)	(Google Slides)		(Logo)	(Toy Theatre Toy Form)
4	Databases / Search	Coding	Posters	Digital Citizenship	Coding	Coding
	(Online)	(J2Code)	(Word/Publisher/Google Docs/Google Drawings)		(Logo)	(Python)
5	Spreadsheets	Coding	3D Modelling	Digital Citizenship	Coding	Touch Typing
	(Google Sheets)	(MicroBit)	(Sketchup)		(Python)	
6	Websites	Coding	3D Modelling	Digital Citizenship	Coding	Touch Typing
	(Google Sites)	(Sonic Pi)	(Sketchup)		(HTML)	
			(Next Year: 3D Animation (Blender))			

	Computer literacy, multimedia projects, presentations, data handling, MS Office, GSuite
	Coding, programming, logical thinking, computer science, algorithms, instructions
	Online safety, digital resilience, cyber bullying, privacy and security

Reception	AUT	SPR1	SPR2	SUM
Topic	Using the mouse	Maths / English	Digital Citizenship	Coding
Programs used	Paint	Online Games	Unplugged	Code.org
Topic Aims	AUT1	To learn how to write	To understand why it is	To understand and explain what
	To move the mouse to different parts of the toolbox and click	numbers on the computer	important to balance your	instructions are.
	to select.	screen (using the mouse).	time spent using devices.	
				To understand that instructions
	To select colours from the set of swabs.	To play games involving	To consider how to stop	need to go in a certain order and
		counting and simple number	using devices when you	need to make sense.
	To use the paint tin tool to fill areas with colour.	patters.	don't want to.	
				To give instructions to a
	To use pencil, paintbrush and spray can tools to draw lines.	To be able to find missing	To know how to travel	character to reach a goal by giving
		numbers in a simple sequence.	safely on the internet.	directions.
	To use the shape tools.	To cout objects into a simple		To distinguish hotersoon left and
	To use the Undo option to fix mistakes.	To sort objects into a simple Venn/Caroll diagram.		To distinguish between left and right.
	To use the Olido option to fix inistakes.	Venni/Caron diagram.		right.
	AUT2	To complete a simple		To spot when instructions may
	To continue to work on mouse control to include fine detail.	pictogram/bar chart and		have errors in them and correct
		understand what it represents.		them.
	To adjust, move and resize shapes and lines using the mouse.	1		
		To access, choose and play		To code a simple algorithm for
	To produce increasingly confident drawings that incorporate	simple literacy and numeracy		movement and debug it.
	shape tools, paintbrush tool, fill tool, straight line tool.	games.		_
				To understand how to make
				instructions shorter by repeating
				certain instructions.
				To notice patterns in certain
				instructions.

			To be able to explain why certain instructions did not work correctly.
Links to EYFS	CLL1, PSRN3, K&U, PD, CD		

Year 1	AUT1	AUT2	SPR1	SPR2	SUM1	SUM2
Topic	Typing Basics	Coding	Tables and Charts	Digital Citizenship	Coding	3D Modelling
Programs used	Word	Unplugged/Code.org	Typing.com/J2Data	Google Chrome	J2code/Logo	Google Draw/Toy Theatre - Cube
Topic Aims	To use the keyboard to write words, phrases and sentences. To use the enter key to make new lines, backspace to erase mistakes and space bar for spaces between words. To use the comma and full stop keys. To alter font size/colour/style. To locate, open and save files in given folders. To log-in to computers independently, remembering username and password.	To understand what algorithms are. To understand that algorithms work by executing precise instructions. To be able to give simple instructions and make them more precise. To be able to code simple algorithms for movement. To predict how a simple algorithm will execute. To debug an algorithm by using sequence and testing.	To recognise letters and numbers on a keyboard as well as the space bar, Enter and Backspace. To use secondary key functions using the Shift key. To increase typing efficiency by practising drills. To understand that computers can be used to collect data. To collect data from a survey or questionnaire. To create a simple table using Word. To create a simple pictogram and bar chart using a given website. To interpret what is shown in the charts and graphs.		To use a Logo emulator to move a turtle forward, backward, turn left and turn right. To follow a list of commands to make shapes. To identify and correct mistakes. To know left and right depending on where a turtle is facing. To use the repeat function as a shortcut to creating a shape or pattern. To predict what shape will be made from a set of code.	Theatre - Cube To use the fill tool to create basic pixel patterns. To use the build, delete and rotate tools. To change the colour and size of cubes. To use the tools accurately to build more complicated models.
CLIL	T	T I at all talls	To answer simple questions from the graphs and charts.	T l	T	T
Challenge	To memorise key locations and use both hands to type.	To use logical thinking to create more complex algorithms.	To become an efficient typist using both hands. To decorate their charts.	To make a poster explaining the key rules of using the web safely.	To create interesting patterns and shapes using the code.	To create a more complex model according to a specific idea.

Year 2	AUT1	AUT2	SPR1	SPR2	SUM1	SUM2
Topic	Documents Basics	Coding	Making Tables and Graphs	Digital Citizenship	Coding	3D Modelling
Programs used	Word	Scratch	Typing.com/Excel	Google Chrome	Logo	Toy Theatre - Build
Topic Aims	To locate and open Microsoft Word.	To understand the basics of Scratch, including adding backgrounds, sprites and	To type efficiently using both hands.			
	To log-in to the computers independently and quickly.	starting code with green flag. To know how to use	To use the Shift key (left and right) confidently for capital letters and symbols.			
	To locate the class folder where files are saved.	movement and size change blocks for animation.	To be a resilient typist and be able to type long passages efficiently.			
	To type a list using capital letters and full stops and the Enter button to make new lines.	To understand how loops work and use the forever and repeat blocks correctly.	To explain that computers can be used to collect data.			
	To open, save and print files.	To know how to make sprites go to a particular place and appear/disappear.	To collect data from a survey or questionnaire. To create a table on Excel and			
	To correct sentences using the mouse and arrow keys.	To code a simple game using the techniques learnt above.	add data they have collected to it.			
	To alter text in a variety of ways.	To create a simple game using some code blocks	To create a simple bar chart and pie chart on Excel.			
	To add pictures to a document	with support. To understand why each block has been added to the	To interpret what is shown in the charts and graphs. To answer simple questions from the graphs and charts.			
		game. To be able to debug errors that occur in the game.				
Challenge	To make a document about a topic of choice, including text and pictures.	To do this without support and add own creative additions to the animations.	To become an efficient typist using all fingers. To decorate their charts.		To create interesting patterns and shapes using the code.	

Year 3	AUT1	AUT2	SPR1	SPR2	SUM1	SUM2
Topic	E-Mails	Coding	Presentations	Digital Citizenship	Coding	3D Modelling
Programs used	Google Accounts	Code.org	Google Docs, Google Slides	Google Chrome	Logo	Toy Theatre – Toy Form
Topic Aims	To understand what Gmail and Gsuite are and what they are used for. To choose a secure password. To be able to log in to the Google account independently. To learn how to send emails to people respectfully and safely. To explain the need for respect online when communicating with others. To understand and explain the need for privacy online, including sharing data and choosing secure passwords. To reply to emails, add attachments such as pictures and To open your Google Drive and locate files.	To understand what coding and computer programming involves. To understand the key vocabulary in coding. To be able to predict what an algorithm will do. To be able to sequence code correctly. To know how to debug algorithms. To be able to use loops efficiently to cut down the amount of code. To be able to use input and output statements to obtain a desired outcome. To be able to use conditional statements to obtain a desired outcome.	To launch and navigate Google Classroom. To create and share a new Google Slides project with a partner. To understand the difference between editing and viewing privileges. To attach a file from Google Drive to an assignment on Google Classroom. To complete a simple presentation on Google Slides with a partner. To know how to communicate online with your partner. To search for and add images and video safely to your work.			
Challenge	To memorise your password and send emails independently.	To apply coding knowledge to a project and explain what all the code is and does.	To learn how to use Gsuite in more detail.	To create a poster showing their internet legend status.	To use MicroBit creatively to design something unique.	

Year 4	AUT1	AUT2	SPR1	SPR2	SUM1	SUM2
Topic	Search Engines	Coding	Posters	Digital Citizenship	Coding	Coding
Programs used	Google	J2Code	Word/Publisher/Docs/Dra wings	Google Chrome	Logo	Python
Topic Aims	To list some different search engines and which companies own them. To explain how search engines amass a database by using web crawling and web spiders. To explain how an online search is a search for certain words within its index. To explain various ways in which results are ranked. To use efficient search terms to find answers to given questions. To use search engines to find varied web results, e.g. map results and image results. To reduce web results by filtering and using Boolean	To add backgrounds and multiple sprites to the game. To program the sprites to move either by themselves or to respond to key presses/mouse movements. To create a scoring system using variables that resets when the game starts. To create a separate variable for lives. To be able to spot errors and debug through their own testing and in-depth checking. To understand how to use conditionals and events to trigger appropriate in-game responses.	To use a search engine to find appropriate websites and filter the results. To search through data for relevant information. To set out text and images in a poster. To present accurate information appropriate for the audience. To alter backgrounds, fonts size/colour/face, text wrapping, image crops and borders. To experiment with using different software to produce a poster, deciding which one you prefer to use.			
Challenge	operators. To design their own web search challenges for others.	To create a multi-levelled game with a win and lose screen.	To explain the advantages and disadvantages of different software.			

Year 5	AUT1	AUT2	SPR1	SPR2	SUM
Topic	Spreadsheets	Coding	3D Modelling	Digital Citizenship	Coding
Programs used	Google Sheets	MicroBit	SketchUp	Google Chrome	Python
Topic Aims	To record data in a table of results. To alter the cells widths/heights and font size/style/colour when appropriate. To insert rows and columns. To turn the table into a variety of different graphs. To move graphs onto new sheets. To include a graph headings	To design and write programs that simulate a physical system. To work with various forms input and output. To use sequence, selection and repetition when coding. To work with programming variables. To break large problems into smaller parts.	oketeno p	Google Chrome	To understand that functions can be loaded within Python as a coding language. To use the turtle function to make shapes. To use the turtle function to create a design based on Matisse's Snail. To understand and explain what each line of code means. To use variables to achieve and outcome and to debug typos and other errors. To create a simple timing game on
	and x/y axis headings.	To debug errors in coding algorithms. To predict the behaviour of the MicroBit from given algorithms. To work safely and respectfully with a piece of hardware.			Python.
Challenge	To experiment with formulas to make sums and averages.	To use MicroBit creatively to design something unique.			To embellish their artistic designs by experimenting with code. To add their own features to the game.

Year 6	AUT1	AUT2	SPR1	SPR2	SUM
Topic	Websites	Coding	3D Modelling	Digital Citizenship	Coding
Programs used	Google Sites	Code Club Projects/Sonic Pi	Skechup	Google Chrome	HTML
Topic Aims	To understand that websites are made up of multiple pages with links to different parts. To be able to create a home page and other pages (each on different themes) for a website on a given topic. To be able to accurately link across the pages on the website. To give the website appropriate formatting and images. To research information online to put on the website. To ensure the accuracy of information added to their website.	To know how to play musical notes using numbers and use repetition to repeat notes. To use samples and repetition to create a drum loop. To manipulate samples to create special effects. To program the Tetris Theme using musical notes and work with musical notation. To program a musical round (Frere Jacques) to learn how to play sounds concurrently and program music using letter names. To use live_loop to make multiple pieces of music play in time with each other.			To understand what HTML is and how it is used. To understand how to tags < > work in HTML.
Challenge	To ensure that the website is appropriate for the audience and is engaging.	To use these skills to compose a new piece of music.			